

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{e^{-x} + 2 \sin(x-1)}{\sqrt[5]{2 + \cos \pi x} - 1} \log^2(1 + \sin \pi x) =$$

~~$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{e^{-x} + 2 \sin(x-1)}{\sqrt[5]{2 + \cos \pi x} - 1} \frac{(1 + \sin \pi x)^2 \log^2(1 + \sin \pi x)}{(1 + \sin \pi x)^2}$$~~

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{e^{-x} + 2 \sin(x-1)}{\sqrt[5]{2 + \cos \pi x} - 1} \sin^2 \pi x \cdot \frac{\log^2(1 + \sin \pi x)}{\sin^2 \pi x}$$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{per } x \rightarrow 1 \quad \sin \pi x \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{potendo } e^x \\ \text{è limite} \quad \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log(1+y)}{y} = 1 \end{array} \right\}$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left[\frac{e^{-x} + 2 \sin(x-1)}{\frac{1}{e}} \cdot \frac{\sin^2 \pi x}{1 + \cos \pi x} \cdot \frac{1 + \cos \pi x}{\left[1 + (1 + \cos \pi x)\right]^{\frac{1}{5}} - 1} \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{e} \cdot \frac{5}{e} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 - \cos^2 \pi x}{1 + \cos \pi x} =$$

$$= \frac{5}{e} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(1 + \cos \pi x)(1 - \cos \pi x)}{1 + \cos \pi x} = \frac{5}{e} (1 - (-1)) = \frac{10}{e}$$